

4201

Symptomatic Hypoglycemia

RIVERSIDE COUNTY EMS AGENCY

Treatment Protocol

Last Reviewed: March 14, 2024 Last Revised: September 13, 2024

BLS Patient Management

Establish, maintain, and ensure:

- A. A patent and easily managed airway. Use manual maneuvers (head-tilt / chin-lift or jaw thrust), oropharyngeal suction and/or airway adjuncts (OPA / NPAs) as clinically indicated
- B. Adequate respirations and tidal volume. Use a mouth-to-mask device or bag valve mask (BVM), when clinically indicated. Rescue ventilations via a BVM require the use of a manometer. Waveform / digital capnography is required when paramedics are present
- Controlled bleeding. Use direct pressure and/or pressure dressing(s) and/or tourniquet(s) and/or hemostatic dressing(s), as clinically indicated

Oxygen

As clinically indicated. Titrate to maintain, or increase, SpO_2 to a minimum of 94%. A range of 88-92% is acceptable for patients with a history of COPD

- Position the patient as clinically indicated for safety, comfort, and to meet physiologic requirements
- Attach ECG leads to the patient when a paramedic is present

Symptomatic hypoglycemia:

- Have a blood glucose less than 80 mg/dl in adults
- Have a blood glucose less than 70 mg/dl in pediatrics
- Have a blood glucose less than 60 mg/dl in neonates if greater than 48 hours old but less than 28 days old
- Have a blood glucose less than 45 mg/dl in neonates less than 48 hours old

BLS and ALS care providers

PATIENT MUST BE ALERT AND COOPERATIVE (ADULTS), WITH GAG REFLEXES INTACT.

Adults: Glucose Gel (oral) 15 gm (1 tube) PO. MAY REPEAT PRN.

<u>Pediatrics and Neonates: Glucose Gel (oral/buccal)</u> PO AS TOLERATED. **MAY REPEAT PRN TO ACHIEVE AND /OR**

ALS Patient Management

- Interpret and continuously monitor ECG, vital signs and SpO₂
- For symptomatic hypoglycemia with blood glucose less than 80 mg/dL in adults, 70 mg/dL in pediatrics, 60 mg/dl in neonates greater than 48 hours but less than 28 day, and 45mg/dl in neonates less than 48 hours old

Adults: Dextrose 25 gm (D10%) IV/IO bolus or infusion. MAY REPEAT PRN.

<u>Pediatrics and neonates</u>: Dextrose 5 mL / kg (D10%) IV/IO bolus or infusion. **MAY REPEAT PRN**.

For symptomatic hypoglycemia with blood glucose less than 80 mg/dL in adults, 70 mg/dL in pediatrics, 60 mg/dl in neonates greater than 48 hours but less than 28 day, and 45mg/dl in neonates less than 48 hours old WHEN UNABLE TO ADMINISTER DEXTROSE Adults: Glucagon 1 mg IM. ADDITIONAL ADMINISTRATIONS REQUIRE A BASE HOSPITAL ORDER (BHO).

Pediatrics and neonates:

Weight = 21 kg (\approx 46 lbs) or less: Glucagon 0.5 mg IM. Weight = 22 kg (\approx 48 lbs) or more: Glucagon 1 mg IM. ADDITIONAL ADMINISTRATIONS REQUIRE A BASE HOSPITAL ORDER (BHO).

 For neonatal resuscitation INITIAL AND REPEAT ADMINSTRATIONS REQUIRE A BASE HOSPITAL ORDER (BHO).

Dextrose 5 mL/kg (10% solution) IV/IO bolus or infusion

MAINTAIN CORRESPONDING AGE APPROPRIATE BLOOD	
GLUCOSE LEVEL	

Patient Disposition

• CONTACT A SINGLE BASE HOSPITAL FOR ANY PATIENT THAT REFUSES TRANSPORT FOLLOWING THE INITIATION OF AN ALS TREATMENT